

# 1.2 Quadratics

## Question Paper

Course	Edexcel IAL Maths: Pure 1
Section	1. Algebra & Functions
Topic	1.2 Quadratics
Difficulty	V. Hard

**Time allowed:** 70

**Score:** /57

**Percentage:** /100

**Question 1**

- (a) Write the quadratic function  $y = -6x^2 + 8x - 5$  in the form  $y = a - b(x + c)^2$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are constants to be found.

**[2 marks]****Question 1**

- (b) Write down the maximum point on the graph of  $y = -6x^2 + 8x - 5$ .

**[1 mark]****Question 1**

- (c) Sketch the graph of  $y = -6x^2 + 8x - 5$ , clearly labelling the maximum point and any point where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

**[3 marks]****Question 2**

- (a) The equation  $y = x^2 + px + q$  and no real roots. Show that  $p^2 < 4q$  and explain why  $q$  must be a positive value.

**[2 marks]**

**Question 2**

(b) Given that the minimum point on the graph of  $y = x^2 + px + q$  is (3, 1) find the values of  $p$  and  $q$ .

**[2 marks]****Question 3**

The equation  $k^2x^2 - 4x + 5 = k^2$  has two distinct real roots.  
Find the possible values of  $k$ .

**[2 marks]****Question 4**

(a) The equation  $4k - 6kx - x^2 = 0$  has two distinct real roots,  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ .  
 $k$  is a negative constant and  $0 < \alpha < \beta$ .

Sketch the graph of  $y = 4k - 6kx - x^2$ , labelling the points where the graph crosses the coordinate axes.

**[2 marks]**

#### Question 4

(b) Find the possible values of  $k$ .

**[3 marks]**

#### Question 5

(a) Find the minimum value of the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 8x + c$ , giving your answer in terms of  $c$ .

**[2 marks]**

#### Question 5

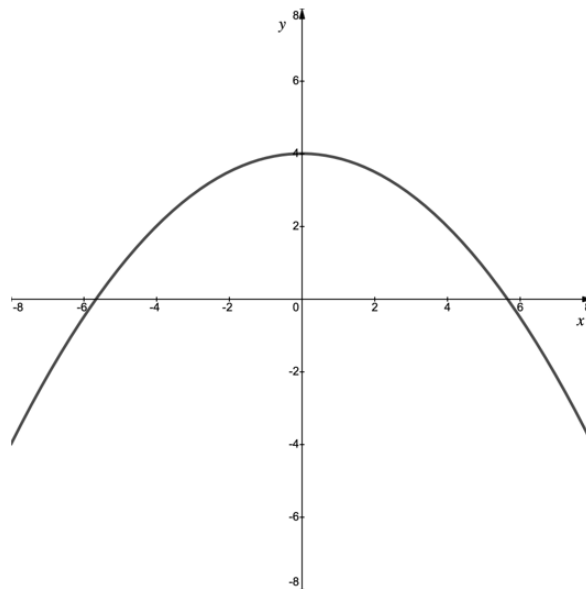
(b) Find the values of  $c$  for which the function  $f(x) = x^2 + 8x + c$  has no real roots.

**[2 marks]**

### Question 6

The graph below shows the curve  $y = f(x)$  where  $f(x) = 4 - \frac{x^2}{8}$ .

The curve is to be used as the model for the arch on a bridge where the water level under the bridge is represented by the  $x$ -axis. All measurements are in meters.



- (a) Depending on rainfall throughout the year, the water level can rise by up to 0.5 m, determine whether the bridge is still wide enough to span a river of width 11 m when it is at its peak height.

**[2 marks]**

**Question 6**

(b) A barge in the shape of a cuboid (above water level) has a cross-section measuring 6 m wide by 2.5 m tall. The barge regularly travels along the river where the bridge is to be built. Justifying your answer, determine if the barge will fit underneath the bridge or not.

**[2 marks]****Question 6**

(c) To support the bridge the arch will continue 2.5 m under the water (ground) level. Find the exact distance between the base of the arch on either side of the river.

**[2 marks]****Question 7**

(a) Show that the equation  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  can be written in the form

$$a\left(x + \frac{b}{2a}\right)^2 - \frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4a} = 0$$

**[2 marks]****Question 7**

(b) Hence show that  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ .

**[2 marks]**

**Question 8**

The function  $f(x)$  is defined by  $f(x) = (k - 1)x^2 - (k - 2)x - 2k$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

The function  $g(x)$  is defined by  $g(x) = (k - 1)x^2 - 3kx + k + 1$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .

$k$  is a non-zero constant and  $k \neq 1$ .

(a) The graphs of  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = g(x)$  intersect once.

Find the  $x$ -coordinate of the intersection, giving your answer in terms of  $k$ .

**[3 marks]**

**Question 8**

(b) In the case when  $k = 3$ , find the coordinates of the point of intersection of  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = g(x)$ .

**[2 marks]**

**Question 9**

(a) Solve the equation  $8\sqrt{x} = 48 - x$ .

**[3 marks]**

**Question 9**

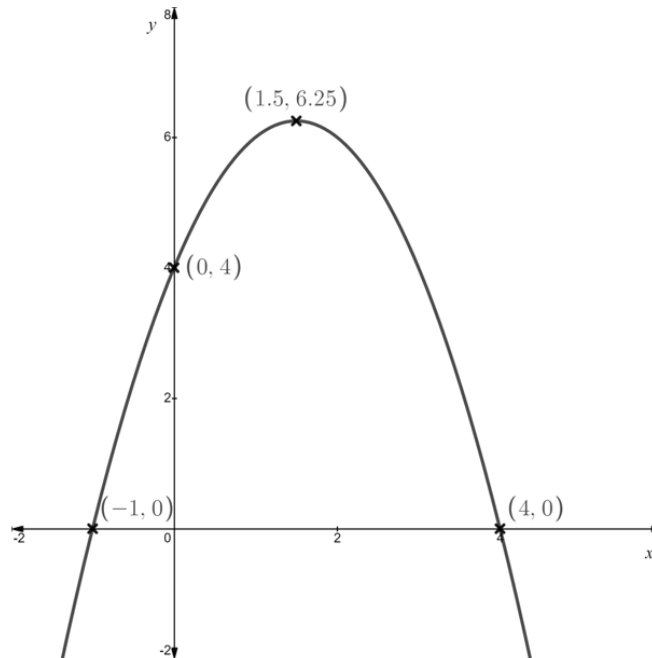
(b) Solve the equation  $2^{4x} + 64 = 20(2^{2x})$ .

**[3 marks]**



### Question 10

The diagram below shows the graph of  $y = f(x)$ . The intercepts with the coordinate axes and the turning point have been labelled.



The graph is transformed by the function  $y = f(x) + 6$ . One of the new x-axis intercepts is  $(-2, 0)$ .

Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x) + 6$ , stating the coordinates of any points that intersect the coordinate axes and the turning point.

**[3 marks]**

**Question 11**

A stone is thrown vertically upwards from the top of a cliff. The path of the stone is modelled by the quadratic function  $h(t) = 52 + 3t - 0.5t^2$ ,  $t \geq 0$ , where  $h$  is the height, in meters, of the stone above the sea and  $t$  is the time in seconds since the stone was thrown.

(a) Write down the height of the cliff from which the stone was thrown.

**[1 mark]**

**Question 11**

(b) Find the maximum height the stone reaches above the sea.

**[2 marks]**

**Question 11**

(c) How long does it take for the stone to hit the sea?

**[2 marks]**

**Question 11**

(d) How long does the stone stay above its starting height for?

**[2 marks]**

**Question 12**

(a) Factorise  $x^2 + 6x + 9$

**[1 mark]**

**Question 12**

(b) Factorise  $x^2 + 6xy + 9y^2$

**[2 marks]**

**Question 12**

(c) Find a relationship between  $x$  and  $y$  such that  $x^2 + 6xy + 9y^2 = 0$

**[2 marks]**