1.6 Graphs of Functions

Question Paper

Course	Edexcel IAL Maths: Pure 1
Section	1. Algebra & Functions
Торіс	1.6 Graphs of Functions
Difficulty	Easy

Time allowed:	50
Score:	/38
Percentage:	/100



Sketch the graph of y = 6x - 12, labelling any points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

[3 marks]

Question 2

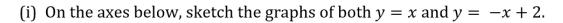
Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 - 1$, labelling any points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

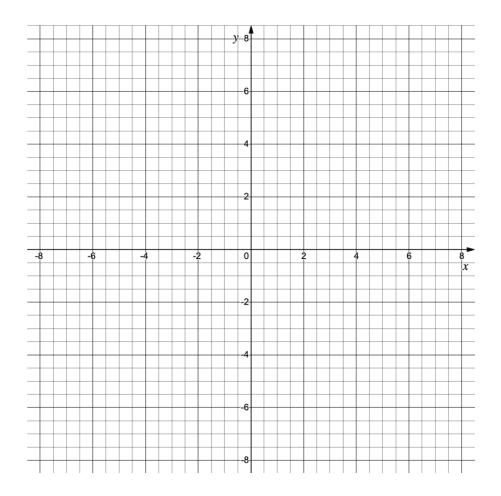
[3 marks]

Question 3

Sketch the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$, labelling any points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes and stating the equations of any asymptotes.

[3 marks]





(ii) Using your graph, or otherwise, find the solution to the simultaneous equations

y = x and y = -x + 2.

[3 marks]

(a) (i) Write down the value of $x^2 + 3x - 4$ when x = 0.

(ii) Factorise $x^2 + 3x - 4$.

[2 marks]

Question 5

(b) Sketch the graph of $y = x^2 + 3x - 4$, labelling any points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

[3 marks]

Question 6

(a) Express $2x^3 + 2x^2 - 12x$ in the form ax(x + b)(x + c), where *a*, *b* and *c* are integers to be found.

[2 marks]

(b) Hence sketch the graph of $y = 2x^3 + 2x^2 - 12x$, labelling any points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

[3 marks]

Question 7

y is proportional to *x*. When x = 2, y = 10.

- (i) Find the constant of proportionality.
- (ii) Sketch the graph of *y* against *x*.

[3 marks]

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Question 8

By sketching the graphs of $y = x^3$ and $y = \frac{1}{x}$ on the same diagram show that there are two real solutions to the equation $x^3 = \frac{1}{x}$.

[3 marks]

Question 9

(a) Use the factor theorem to show that (x - 2) is a factor of the function $f(x) = x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 8$.

[2 marks]

Question 9

(b) Hence, or otherwise, express f(x) as a product of three linear factors.

[2 marks]

(c) Sketch the graph of y = f(x) labelling any points where the graph intersects the coordinate axes.

[3 marks]

Question 10

The diagram below shows the graph of a circle with equation $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 9$. Add straight lines passing through the point to the diagram to show how the circle can have either no, one or two intercepts. All lines must pass through the point (-6, -4).

