

# **5.1 Integration**

# **Question Paper**

Course	Edexcel IAL Maths: Pure 1
Section	5. Integration
Topic	5.1 Integration
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed: 30

Score: /26

Percentage: /100

(a) Use calculus to find

$$\int \left(x^2 + 5 - \frac{3}{x^2}\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

[3 marks]

# **Question 1**

(b) Use calculus to find

$$\int \left(\frac{4}{x^3} + \sqrt{x}\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

[3 marks]

Use calculus to work out the following integrals:

(a) 
$$\int \left(\frac{1}{3}x^2 + 3x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) dx$$

[2 marks]

#### **Question 2**

$$\int \frac{(x+3)^2}{\sqrt{x}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

[3 marks]

#### **Question 3**

Find the equation of the curve passing through the point (-2, 3) and given by

$$y = \int \left(3 - 2x + \frac{4}{x^2}\right) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

[4 marks]

(a) Show that

$$(2-x)^3 = 8 - 12x + 6x^2 - x^3$$

[3 marks]

# **Question 4**

(b) Hence, or otherwise, work out

$$\int (2-x)^3 dx$$

[3 marks]

A function, f(x), has second derivative given by

$$f''(x) = 6(x-2).$$

Given that f(3) = 20, and f'(2) = 8, find f(x).

[5 marks]