

# **5.1 Integration**

# **Question Paper**

Course	Edexcel IAL Maths: Pure 1
Section	5. Integration
Topic	5.1 Integration
Difficulty	Easy

Time allowed: 30

Score: /21

Percentage: /100

#### **Question 1**

Integrate

- (i) 2x,
- (ii)  $6x^2$ ,
- (iii)  $\frac{1}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}.$

[3 marks]

# **Question 2**

Use calculus to find

$$\int \left(3x^{\frac{1}{2}} + 2x^{-\frac{1}{2}}\right) \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

[3 marks]

### **Question 3**

(a) Show that

$$\frac{3x^3 + 4x^6}{x^2}$$

can be written as  $3x^a + 4x^b$ , where a and b are constants to be found.

[2 marks]

# **Question 3**

(b) Hence find

$$\int \frac{3x^3 + 4x^6}{x^2} \, \mathrm{d}x.$$

[3 marks]

#### **Question 4**

(a) Integrate  $5x^4 + 6x^2 + 2x + 3$ .

[3 marks]

#### **Question 4**

(b) Given that  $f(x) = \int (5x^4 + 6x^2 + 2x + 3) dx$  and that the graph of y = f(x) passes through the point (1, 10), find an expression for f(x) in terms of x only.

[3 marks]

#### **Question 5**

The curve *C*, described by the integral

$$y = \int (2x^3 - x) \, \mathrm{d}x,$$

passes through the point (2, -2). Show that  $2y = x^4 - x^2 - 16$ .

[4 marks]



Head to <u>savemyexams.co.uk</u> for more awesome resources