

8.1 Integration

Question Paper

Course	Edexcel IAL Maths: Pure 2
Section	8. Integration
Topic	8.1 Integration
Difficulty	Medium

Time allowed: 70

Score: /60

Percentage: /100

Evaluate

$$\int_{1}^{5} (4x + 6x^2) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

[2 marks]

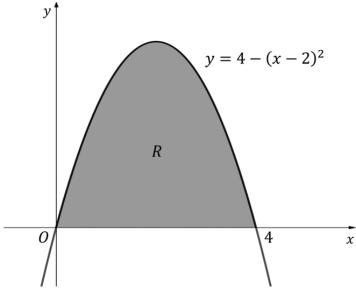
Question 2

Given

$$\int_{k}^{5} (2x - 1) \, \mathrm{d}x = 20$$

find the value of the positive constant k.

The diagram below shows part of the graph of $y = 4 - (x - 2)^2$.



(a) Write down the values of x where y = 0.

[1 mark]

Question 3

(b) Show that

$$4 - (x - 2)^2 = 4x - x^2$$

[1 mark]

Question 3

(c) Evaluate

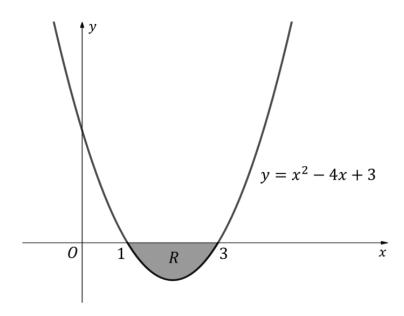
$$\int_0^4 (4x - x^2) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(d) Write down the area of the region labelled R.

[1 mark]

Question 4

The diagram below shows part of the graph of $y = x^2 - 4x + 3$. Find the area of the shaded region labelled R.



[3 marks]

(a)	Find the x -coordinates of the intercepts of the line with equation	y = 2	and the
	curve with equation $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$.		

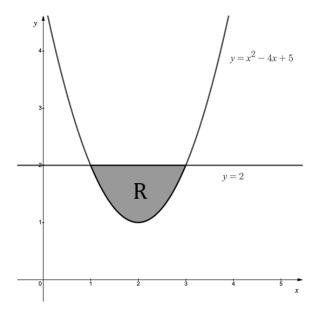
[2 marks]

Question 5

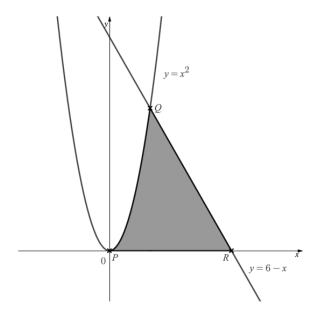
(b) Evaluate

$$\int_{1}^{3} (x^2 - 4x + 5) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(c) The diagram below shows the graphs of y = 2 and $y = x^2 - 4x + 5$. Find the exact area of the shaded region R.



The diagram below shows the graphs of the line y = 6 - x and the curve $y = x^2$.



(a) Work out the x-coordinates of the points labelled P, Q and R.

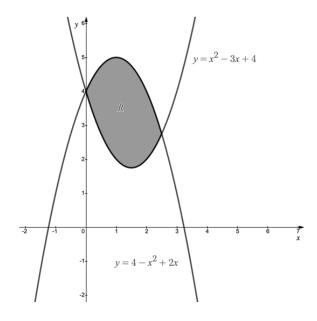
[2 marks]

Question 6

(b) Work out the area of the shaded region.

The diagram below shows a sketch of the curves with equations

$$y = x^2 - 3x + 4$$
 and $y = 4 - x^2 + 2x$



(a) Find the x-coordinates of the intersections of the two graphs.

[2 marks]

Question 7

(b) Show that the area of the shaded region labelled ${\it R}$ is given by

$$\int_0^{\frac{5}{2}} (5x - 2x^2) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

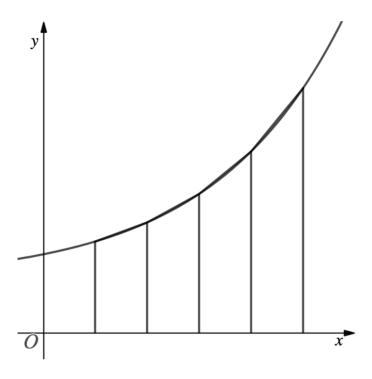
Oι	ies	tic	n	7

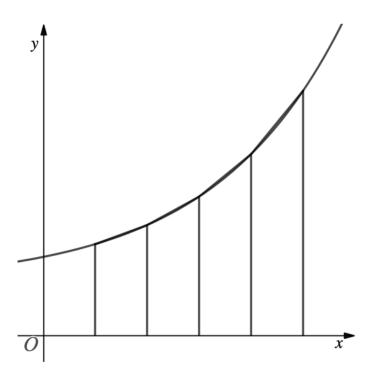
(c) Use calculus to find the area of the shaded region labelled ${\it R}$.

[5 marks]



Use the two diagrams below to show how rectangles can be used to give an upper and lower bound when estimating the area under a curve using the trapezium rule.



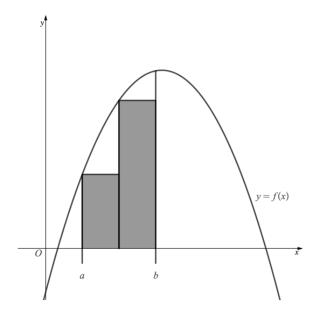


[3 marks]



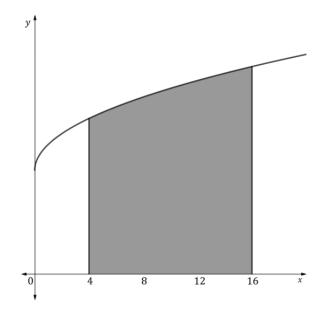
A student is estimating the area bounded by the curve y = f(x), the x-axis and the lines x = a and x = b.

The student intends to find the area of two rectangles of equal width in order to estimate the area as shown in the diagram below.



By drawing a sketch, show how the student's estimate of the area can be improved while still using rectangles of equal width.

The diagram below shows the graph with equation $y = \sqrt{x} + 4$.



The shaded area is to be estimated using the trapezium rule where h=2.

- (a) (i) Write down the number of strips to be used.
 - (ii) Write down the number of ordinates to be used.
 - (iii) Complete the table of values for $y = \sqrt{x} + 4$, giving values to three significant figures where appropriate.

x	4			
у				

(b) Use the trapezium rule with all the values from the table above to find an estimate of the integral

$$\int_4^{16} (\sqrt{x} + 4) \, \mathrm{d}x$$

giving your answer to three significant figures.

[4 marks]

Question 10

(c) State, with a reason, whether your answer to part (b) is an overestimate or an underestimate.

Head to <u>savemyexams.co.uk</u> for more awesome resources

Question 11

The trapezium rule is to be used to estimate the integral

$$\int_{-2}^{0} x^3 + 8 \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(a) By completing the table of values below, use the trapezium rule to estimate the integral given above.

x	-2	-1.5	-1	-0.5	0
$y = x^3 + 8$					

[5 marks]

Question 11

- (b) i) By finding the exact value of the integral above, find the percentage error of your estimate from part (a).
 - ii) Explain how you could increase the accuracy of your trapezium rule estimate.

[3 marks]