2.3 Further Trigonometric Equations

Question Paper

| Course | Edexcel IAL Maths: Pure 3 |
|------------|-------------------------------------|
| Section | 2. Trigonometry |
| Торіс | 2.3 Further Trigonometric Equations |
| Difficulty | Easy |

| Time allowed: | 50 |
|---------------|------|
| Score: | /42 |
| Percentage: | /100 |

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Question 1

Solve the equation $\sec \theta = 1$ for $0^{\circ} \le \theta \le 360^{\circ}$.

[3 marks]

Question 2

Given that

$$\tan(A^\circ - 30^\circ) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

find the values of *A* such that $-180^{\circ} \le A^{\circ} \le 180^{\circ}$.

[3 marks]

Question 3

Solve the equation

$$\frac{1}{\sec x} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \qquad -\pi \le x \le \pi$$

[3 marks]

Question 4

(a) Sketch the graphs of $y = \arcsin x$, where x is measured in radians. Label any points where the graphs intersect the coordinate axes.

[3 marks]

Question 4

(b) Find the only solution to $\arcsin x = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

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Question 5

Use the identity

 $R\cos(A-B) \equiv R\cos A\cos B + R\sin A\sin B$

to show that

 $8\cos\theta + 6\sin\theta$

can be written as

10cos $(\theta - \alpha)$ where $\alpha = 0.644$ to three significant figures.

[4 marks]

Question 6

(a) Show that the equation $\csc^2 x = 2 \csc x - 1$ can be written as

 $(\csc x - 1)^2 = 0$

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Question 6

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation

 $\csc^2 x = 2\csc x - 1, \quad -2\pi \le x \le 2\pi$

[3 marks]

Question 7

Solve the equation

 $\cos 2\theta = \frac{1}{2}, \qquad -\pi \le \theta \le \pi$

State your answers as multiples of π .

[3 marks]

Question 8

(a) Write down the domain and range for the function

 $f(x) = \arccos x$

Question 8

(b) Solve the equation

$$f(x) = \frac{\pi}{6}$$

[2 marks]

Question 9

(a) Use a small angle approximation to estimate the solution to the equation

$$4\cot\theta - 2 = 3$$

[2 marks]

Question 9

(b) Solve the equation $4 \cot \theta - 2 = 3$, $0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{2}$. Give your answer to three significant figures.

Question 10

(a) Sketch the graph of $y = \sec x$ for $-\pi \le x \le \pi$.

[3 marks]

Question 10

(b) (i) Add a line to your graph demonstrate how the equation

 $\sec x = k, \qquad -\pi \le x \le \pi$

where *k* is a constant could have no real solutions.

(ii) For which values of k does this equation have no real solutions?

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Question 11

Solve the equation

$$\cot^2 \theta - \cos \theta \csc^2 \theta = 0, \qquad 0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

[3 marks]